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Editors Note

Dear OMs.

Now that the TV licences are on their way, some of you have enquired about the future of the BATC, and in pericular what will happen to CQ-TV. New members may like to know that the Club was originally formed for the specific purpose of getting the TV licences issued, and that this magazine came as an afterthought. For the moment, I intend to let the magazine die a natural death as soon as stocks of paper, covers, etc, run out. This means about another five or six issues only, finishing up in about mid-1952. By that time, one or other of the commercial Radio mags may find space for a page of TV transmitting topics. I a that case, your editor, printer, publisher, and sticker-on-of-stamps will invite himself to have a pint in celebration! For the time being, publishing dates will coincide with University holidays, i.e about March 20th, June 20th, Aug-Sept, and Dec 20th.

basis, and the precise conditions are not yet known. However, the conditions are likely to be very similar to the sound tx licence. It is certain, though, that a sound licence must be held before a TV licence will be issued. One other definite ruling - sound may be transmitted simultaneously or independently, on the same or any other channel as the

vision. Pull details will be published as soon as they are known.

In the last issue, the idea of a TV Convention, to which all members would be invited, preferably bringing some item of TV gear in lieu of entrance fee, was mooted. Several members have expressed their approval, and some of our overseas members are hoping to come over for the occasion. It is felt that it would help members if our Convention coincided with the ESCEs four day Pestival of Britain effort. It is not intended that our own session would last longer than one day, and it would be held in the London area as being most convenient. Fould you let me know your opinions, and also whether you can bring some gear, or perhaps transport another member from your area, or (Londoners) if you could put up a visiting member over the weekend. Provisional date is June 25rd. We hope to have a demonstration of at least three different cameras, plus telecine gear, etc. In addition, visits to the B BC TV studies, lectures, meetings of the Licence and Standards Committees, plus plenty of time to look at the gears meet the other chaps, and have a derned good grip! We can lay on some refreshments, invite the Press and TV Newsreel, and have a good solash. Lets have your ideas and suggestions.

Regotiations are in progress for the release of the Seventy Cm band for TV, but as there is a lot of official business to be run through, it is most unlikely that even if permission is granted, it will be possible to use the band before 1952 at the earliest. So get out that CV67, put it in the loft in a corner reflector, and get some TV on the air. Remember, 100 millimatts in an array giving 25 dBs gain is just as good as 50 watts

to a dipole - and you can't expect anything better than 39+ signals, can you?

Another good trend is the appearance of several other TV types...the TV Society have a transmitting group, and the South London RSCB group is also interested (GSFNL). Overseas we have news of LA4KA, SMCTT, VEZHE, WIBHD as being active. It is hoped to publish a list of all active stations with frequencies and systems in the near future. Who is going to be first with a TV QSO in this country? To work, minions.....

M.Barlow

"LES COURTS DE CETTE MOIS" ou quelquechose......!
Wally Oliver says there was a fo article on camera tubes in Jan '51. Wireless Eng. He adds
that any members round Morecombe way are welcome to drop in and/or attend the various
outings of the H orecambe and District Radio Engineers Society.

Any member with a lathe care to do plumbing jobs for others at suitable fee?
Any member wanting a permanent job with a very famous TV firm, involving world travel,
will hear something to his advantage if he contacts me. Preference given to BATC members.
Will anyone with the base connections of the ACR8 and 2X please let me have them?
I can no longer get Ktals reground: sorry.

There is no news of the Vidicon being released for amateur use.

E.H.Banthorpe and Ian Wilson both explain that simple interlace generator; it seems it is morely a pulsed oscillator fed from the frame TB, and feeds 20 km/s pulses OUT to the line TB, which divides by two on its own. The line TB is not fed into the generator. The original article is in the Aug 1950 Electronics. E.H.B adds that full circuits of 5527 capera units can be found in June 1947 Electronics.

Grant Dixon wants a WCRL59A or similar, and 6597s - both fairly cheap!

He also wants information on Amode followers, and which is better for square wave output, a multivibrator or a flip-flop?

Pute Parkin does not recommend the pulser shown in Radio and TV News,

Maurice Swift says the TFP7 is fo for TV. He also wants a restatement of standards, so let's recap: Video signal capable of locking a normal BBC rx; on the RF side, most chaps are trying 15cm band with FM, positive modulation. However it must be pointed out that negative modulation has definite advantages, and we would recommend that Neg mod be used on 13 cm FM, and leave positive mod AM to the 70 cms band if and when.

GLs - many thanks for the various comments. Most seem to be agreed that there is so much one COULD put on the d--n thing that something simple is called for, upon which we can overstick our calls. Something nice and elegant, with perhaps an RST/CSQ scale on the back. Ian Filson points out that we shouldn't need many, and suggests photo-copying. Fred Rose suggests we all have a still picture of our own card, and that the other bloke makes two photos of it - one for himself, and one to send to you!

Eric Langton says there are a couple of useful pages on TBs in the Dec 1950 issue of Rudio-Electronics...using the 884, and 6587 as a flip-flop.

The April-June '50 Journal TV Soc has interesting articles on projection TV, and on

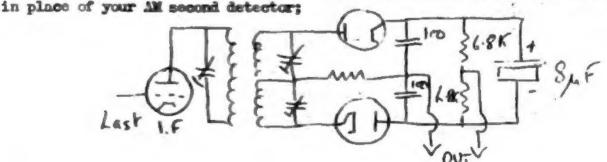
480 Mm/s TV relaying.

RC: have sent along a specimen copy of "Broadcast News", a fb mag primarily for profess-ional radio engineers. This covers all aspects of sound and video broadcast practice, and
may be obtained from R CLs at about £2 for 12 issues, publication approx bimonthly.

For your interest, Varley's and Lish's both have offered their services for any special
transformers you fellows may be meeding. Nothing said about the cost. J.V.Radio of
Plymouth have some nice test gear going reasonably cheaply too. RMI often have something
for the ham too, but not Iconoscopes.....

GEFAL has formally resigned from the Club since the membership list was typed.

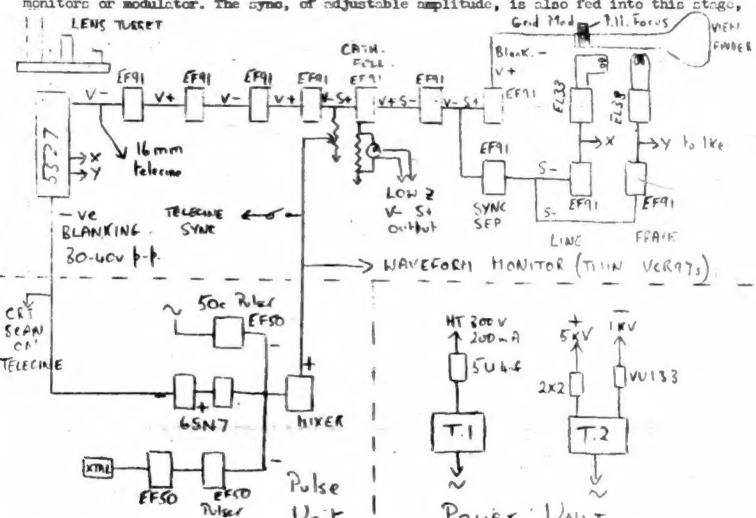
And for those of you who do not possess a 10 set rx, here is a circuit for a ratio discriminator for FM work; note that no limiter is needed, and this unit can be stuck in in place of work in the control of the



(Now that the supply position for 5527 Iconoscopes is looking up, a few notes on Ike circuits and arrangements may be of use. Here is part i of a series by G.G. Short, describing his own rig. In addition to a 5527 camera with lens turret, he also has a fb telectine job, and will give details in a later article).

A 5527 ICCNOSCOPE CAMERA CHAIN - by G.G. Short.

The camera is shown schematically in Fig i, together with the pulse generator and power pack units. The output from the 5527 is negative, and is fed into a 4 stage EF91 video amplifier. The fifth stage is a cathode follower feeding 80 ohm co-ax to the monitors or modulator. The sync, of adjustable amplitude, is also fed into this stage,

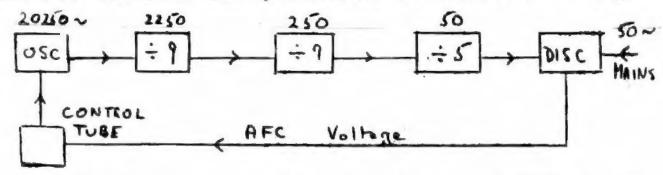


with positive polarity. The viewfinder CRT has its own 2 stage video amp, the CRT grid being driven from the anode of the second stage. A sync separator is driven from the first stage, driving its own separate time bases. Common deflection of viewfinder and 5527 is not possible, since the viewfinder is a magnetic tube. The TBs are Miller type.

The pulser unit generates 50 cps pulses of 1 millises duration, and 10 kc/s pulses of 2008 duration. The two negative going pulses are mixed in an additive mixer, and a 65N7 inverter is incorporated to give negative blanking pulses for 5527 or telegine.

Two 9" magnetic momitars are in use, both similar to the viewfinder circuit; each has a 2 stage amplifier, and sync separating circuits, and incorporates its own power pack. In addition, a waveform momitar, employing two VCR97s, is in use, and will be described in later articles.

A H-ICH ST-ABILITY FREQUENCY DIVIDER FOR PULSIES by Tony Sale (This unit can be used to lock 10125 cps oscillators to the mains for interlacing).



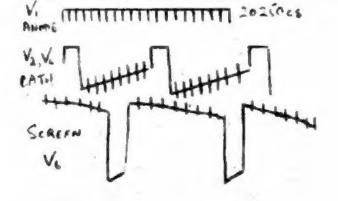
The block diagram shows the method of dividing down from 20250 cs to 50, and beating the resultant against 50 cycle mains. A correction voltage is developed and applied to the original 20250 cs oscillator to keep it on the correct frequency. All oscillators are phantastrons, with diodes to clean up the pulse shape after each. A phase discriminator gives an output voltage that is used to correct the first osc.

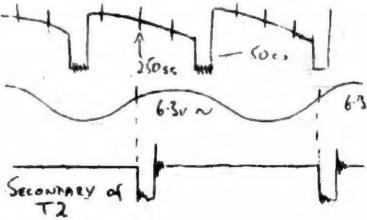
The stual circuit employs VI as the basic 20 kc/s oscillator; frequency control is provided by the 2 Meg grid pot, with a fine adjustment in the bias of V9, the control tube. 20 kc/s output is taken to V2, whose grid is returned to a positive point about 100 v up. 150V neg pulses are taken from the screen at 1/9th of the input frequency, i.e at 2250 ops. V3 cleens up the pulses, which are then divided by 9 again, and then by 5. These 50 ops pulses are fed via T2 (an intervalve Xformer) to the phase sensitive detector, V7 & V8. The DC output of this unit is applied to the grid of the control tube V9. The variations in current through this tube cause its anode potential to vary, and hence the grid potential of V1, thus keeping it looked to the mains. Stability Figures:

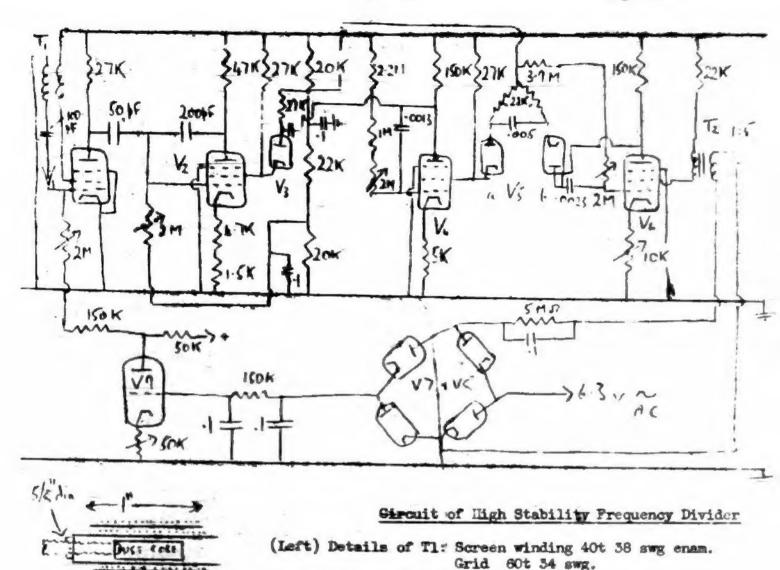
The circuit will remain locked for HT variations of 250-560 V; the first phantastron will remain locked for a 1800 cps change in osc frequency, the others easily handling their own changes. This swing is obtained from about 1.0V change in AFC voltage.

Setting up:

This is best done with a BFO and scope. The CRO is taken to the screen of V6, and the tube is set to 50 cps. V4 is adjusted until 5 pips appear on the V6 waveform. The CRO is now taken to the cathode of V4, and the AFC line is shorted. The 50K bias put on V9 is adjusted until the anode volts on V9 are about 170V. V8 is adjusted to give 9 pips on the waveform, and then the coarse freq pot of V1 to give 9 in between these. The AFC line is unhooked, and the bias of V9 reset to give the same value of V. If the output voltage is nearly 50 cps, almost 50 volts of AFC voltage will be found at the anode of V9. Slight alteration of the bias will lock the whole circuit. Some waveforms are shown below.







THE ICONOSCOPE SUPPLY SITUATION

As members are aware, an import licence is necessary for the import of RCA 5527s. In order to save time and trouble, RCA's London office applied for permission to import 20 of these tubes at once, but unfortunately their application was turned down by the Board of Trade. However, the BoT state that they will continue to grant individual licences where "documentary evidence to the effect that genuine research work is being undertaken and that alternative U.K tubes are either not available or unsuitable (is provided)". To date, the BoT have not refused any application by an amateur, although the exact nature of the documentary proof required is in doubt, since we are amateurs and can hardly produce anything more than a certificate of membership of the club plus our own statement concerning the genuine research work being undertaken. Presumably, so long as the tubes are required for private, non-commercial experiments, this will be sufficient. Certainly there is no U.K tube available at a comparable price of a type suited to amateur needs.

If members would like a certificate of accredited membership of this club for submission to the BoT, I shall be happy to oblige. The necessary documents of proof should be sent to BCA Photophone Ltd, 36 Woodstock Grove, London W12. BCAs will do ALL the paper-work to do with the import licence just as soon as they get your documentary evidence. The actual price is uncertain, but is likely to be around

£50 or so.

34 TRUMBO BOYELSTYALTY You reving reporter Hendrik de Baard Piles on a lightning fact-finding tour

report of conditions as he found them......

of Northern Europe - combined with his honeymoon! - sends us this up to the minute

De Waard's first stop was at Stockholm, where hw met the Stockholm TV gang, Bjurstrom SMSTT, Barkland and Swedborg, who had constructed a 5527 camero with all the control gear, but no IF rig due to licencing trouble. He sent some photos of the gear, and very fb it looked....racks...panels...knobs....meters. .all MATCHING!

Next stop was the afficial TV effort; RCA 5826 Image Orths at 625 lines; 62.25Mc/s and Channel 7 (180 Mc/s?) 1 kW transmitters, but no program of course. Plenty of USA revrs in evidence. To Demmark, where the money floweth not so freely...Plenty of enthusiasm, though, in spite of only 100 watts from an ancient Philips 62.25 Ma/s Tx, and only two studio cameras. Nevertheless, the Danes are thinking in terms of programmes.

Back home in Holland, de Waard attended the PAN TV conference. Some 80 hams were there, plus Government officials and the Press. A resolution was drawn up urging the establishment of a cable or Var link with the UK, France and Belgium, since there is not sufficient money or talent available in the Netherlands to put on sustained TV shows. TV receivers are now appearing in the shops, but @ £75 for a Q* model; these have RF amplification, 5,5 km/s bandwidth, vestigial sideband system, negative mod, flywheel sync. The 600ft Tx mast is up at Lopik, about 50 kM from the Hague and Rotterdam, and 25 kW from Utrecht. However, no studio yet...

The new amteur rig at Hogemand - some 15 kM from Groningen - runs @ 250 watts, using QQE3/300s in p-p. This is being built by PANZ, and feeds a vertical array of 3 colineer half waves with phasing stubs. Sound is on 29.6%c/s from a T1131. Work continues.

MADEESHIP LIST This will be published in sections (to annoy you) of Licensed and non-licensed members.

Section (i) - Licensed members

In Macwhirter 16, Queens ave, Gt. Meols, Wirral, Ches. (HOYlake 1412). COLUM Ivan Howard 40, Regent St, Stotfold, Beds. (Stotfold 297). **6%DU** M. W. S. Barlow Cheyne Cottage, Dukeswood Drive, Gerrards Cross, Bucks. (2955). Carry harry Wills Seletar, 47 Hall Ave, Rushden, Northants. CZUK Bumnbenk, Goosewell Hill, Eggbuckland, Flymouth. liurold Jones G5ZT Don Bradford G3G-B0 9, Oxford Gardens, Denham, Bucks. (Denham 2019). Fred Rose GERLY 16, North Bridge St, Sunderland. George Haylock CZILIT 65, Lewishem Hill, SE15. Ian Wilson 64.13.11 2, Springwell Ave, North End, Durham City. 40, Julian Rd, Ealing Wo. I.J.P.James C5LJ S?J.Davies GZFIA 35, Kensington Rd. Stockton-on-Tees. 2, Main St, Bempton, Torks. Juck Hargreaves **G5¥0** Jimmy Hedges E-11:1 22, Worsley St, Eastney, Southsea, Hants. Bill James 67, Osborne Rd, Farnborough, Hants. COLUM Les Coote GSA IIB 6, Pitts Rd, Salthill, Slough, Bucks. T.O.G. Tallboys G23TE 6, Bramley Croft, Shirley, Birmingham. c/o Alder House, Teleg. Branch 1/5, Aldersgate St, ECl. D. W. B. Wheele CSALE G231 Haydens End, Gt. Canfield, Mr Dunmow, Essex. R. L. Royle 28, Benskin Rd, Watford, Herts. W. E. Bartholomew G8CK R. Palmor G5P-P 22, Sherlock Rd, Coventry. CHILL 549, Canterbury St, Gillingham, Kent. Eric Langton 57. Burst Oak Lane, Sidoup, Kent. L. illen CSRIE Noel Bevan CSIH 9, Hanger Lane, Baling, W5.

Hendrik de Waard PLEZ Praediniussingel 59z, Groningen, Netherlands; LF van Aggelen, PASIN, Judith Leijsterstreat 9, Haarlem, Holland; Lou Foreman PASVT, St Vitusholt 66, Winschoten, Netherlands; E.E-rasma 236GK 17 Third Ave., Lambton, Germiston, S.A; Gerry Millord VKSET, 18 Ward St. S.Malbourne, SCS.D.B.G.Goodger ZLGR 45 Russell St.Waipukuram N.E: Bill Check VESE:B 102 Paradise Rd Morth, Hamilton, Ontario, (To be continued),



"WEAT THAT OTHER BLOKE IS DOING ... "

Newcomer G.G.SHORT, of High St, Swineshead, Boston, Lines has a very fine rig; he has a telecine SOF projector running 400 lines 25 frames per sec. He also has a direct pickup camera using a disc and 3 931As (100 line), but a new 5527 rig with serve controlled lens turret and all the trappings - PLUS a Bof licence!

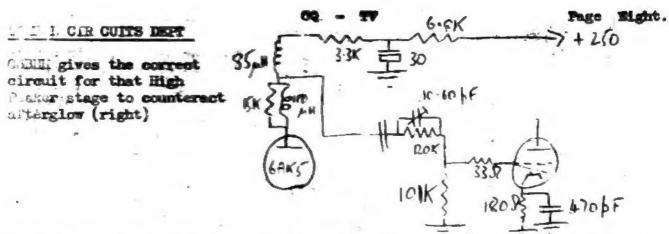
Fred BOSE has been rather shaken by the U.F freq allocations, but is getting down to it.

Pete PARKIN and Harold JONES G5ZT are combining their efforts... in five days of leave Pete built a 5527 camera amp, monitor, viewfinder and all the pulsing equipment.

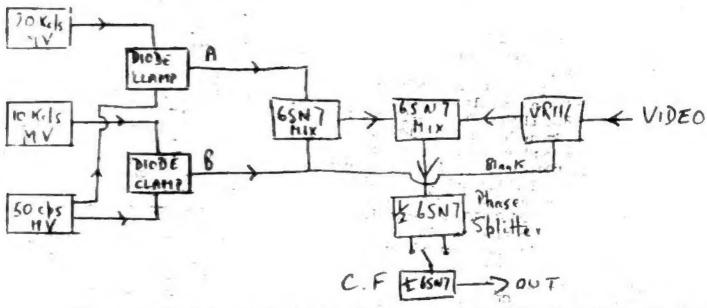
Ian WILSON G5BHH is having BoT trouble, but still hopes to get an Ike. Jimmy HEDGES G5DBV

has been released from the Marines, and is doing some 5 and 15 cm work. He also has a new QTH (see list). Don BRADFORD G5GB0 got caught...4 ACREAS under his arm at rush hour! Nothing broken, but Don looks fo with his grey hair... He is building a telecine job, but leaving the HP side for a bit. Noel BEVA N GBIH has been working on a 2204 Mc/s TV link for a 'do' in Brighton, and hopes to apply the results to our 15 cm band. Grant DIXON points out that his 45 Mc/s osc is actually on 61.25 Mc/s. He is very anxious to borrow a 15 cm wavemeter. Can anyone help? Grant has had trouble with the 951A generating random large ampl. pulses for no apparent reason. Anyone else had the same trouble? He also wrote Scophony Baird ... £90 for an Ike! He is sticking to his camera gun - cum - film strip projector - cum - telestill unit. D.W. White has a CV129 giving 75 # at 10 kHc/s, and a 2K35 Klystron on 24,000 Mc/s, but is busy chasing bugs out of the Sync Sep in his Rx! Eric LANGTON G2BKK has laid in a store of the necessory bits and pieces, and is now looking for time to put them together. Maurice SWIFT has been starting at the bottom, and getting some experience on VHF with the aid of Bill Chaffe GZDLJ. GSEMJ is another in his area who is picture-conscious, and all three hope to get an Ike link in action. A. BARTHOLONS has been getting fair results with a VCR517 and 951A; he tried an ACR2 but had trouble with trapesium distortion, and is rebuilding with p-p deflection.

David P. Nolan writes in from Kire to say that they are forming a TV club there, and hope to do both closed circuit and RF transmission. David is trying 5 colour stereoscopic transmission, using rotating filters and plenty of polaroid. He also has a dx rx on Sutton Coldfield, and states that fair results have already been obtained near him (Co Wexford). Gerry Millerd VKSXT has been coping with a temperature of 106 degs in the shade, and sends his regards to any BATC members who find the cold weather distressing. He encloses a cutting from a Melbourne paper in which Barbara Ward says that TV is something a civilised country can well do without. Ham. Graham Goodger ZLZEP has now returned to N.Z from Fiji. He has been unable to get hold of an APQ9 radar jammer, but has a 951A and network, which is a help. He is now stuck for a switable CRT for scanning. Graham adds that a radio mag out there is running a series of articles on TV construction; is this for AP or SC by moon reflection, om?? Hendrik de WLARD PASZK has been on a tour of Scandinavia, and took the opportunity of looking in on various TV home en route. (See separate details). He is hoping to come over with PAFVT this summer. Transmissions (on 2m) from the new location at Hogezand are giving good results, and Philips have lent them a TV rx at last. 310 line scanning is being employed. Hendrik has been playing with flywhoel sync circuits to good effect- cicuits later.



Grant Dixon gives the circuit of his latest pulser; at A there appears a burst of neg 20 kg/s pulses during the frame interval. At B a run of positive 10 kg/s pulses is interrupted for the frame pulse.



These are mixed in a twin triode, but care must be taken to balance the two inputs. Grant also adds a kink for Miller Frame TBs...a midget LPC in series with the anode load, with a 100K vari across it, will increase the amplitude considerably.